Department of Biochemistry, UCS, Osmania University

Approved MSc. Biochemistry CBCS Syllabus

(Effective from 2022-23 admitted batch)

SEMESTER-I

PAPER	TITLE	Credits*	hrs/ wee k	Internal marks(Theory)	Final exam marks(T heory)	Practical exam marks
Ι	BI101: Chemistry of Biomolecules (core)	5 (3T+2P)	7	30	70	50
Π	BI102: Endocrine Biochemistry, Vitamins and Nucleic acids (core)	5 (3T+2P)	7	30	70	50
III	BI103: Cell Biology and Bioenergetics (core)	5 (3T+2P)	7	30	70	50
IV	BI 104: Basic Bioanalytical Techniques (core)	5 (3T+2P)	7	30	70	50
	TOTAL	20	28	4	00	200

*One credit means the standard methodology of calculating one hour of theory or one hour of tutorial or two hours of laboratory work, per week for a duration of a semester (13-15 weeks)

PAPER-I BI 101: CHEMISTRY OF BIOMOLECULES

(5 credits: theory credits= 3+ practical credits= 2)

THEORY		
CREDIT 1	Amino Acids, & Proteins (15h)	
	1. Classification and structure of amino acids,	
	2. Essential, non essential, and non protein or unusual amino acid.	
	3. General properties and Acid- Base Reactions of AA, (pKa Values)	
	4. Peptide bond – stability and formation, polypeptides.	
	5. Methods for determining amino and carboxy terminal and molecular weight	
	6. Primary structure of proteins	
	7. Secondary structure α helix, β sheet, 310 helix	
	8. GN Ramachandran plots: <i>Phi, Psi</i> and <i>omega</i> angle	
	9. Tertiary & Quaternary structure (myoglobin, hemoglobin)	
	10. Small peptides (glutathione, peptide hormones)	
	11. Cyclic peptides (Gramicidin)	
	12. Classification of proteins - globular, fibrous	
	13. Membrane, Metallo - proteins, SCOP,CATH	
	14. Denaturation (pH, temperature, chaotropicagents), renaturation	
	15. Protein folding, role of chaperones in folding	
CREDIT 2	Carbohydrates (15h)	
	1. Classifications and structure of Carbohydrates	
	2. Configurations and conformations	
	3. Reactions of Monosaccharides	
	4. Stability and formations of glycosidic bond	
	5. Disaccharides and Oligosaccharides	
	6. Polysaccharides Structural (Cellulose, Chitin)	
	7. Storage (Starch, Glycogen, Inulin)	
	8. Hemicelluloses- Lignin, Pectin	
	9. Hetero-Polysacharides/ acidic Mucopolysaccharides Glycosaminoglycan	
	10. Chemistry and biological role of Hyaluronic acids, Chondroitin sulphate,	
	11. Keratansulphate, dermatansulphate, heparin	
	12. Glycoproteins and Proteoglycans	
	13. Bacterial cell wall Polysaccharides, Peptidoglycans	
	14. Blood group glycoproteins	
	15. Structural determination of polysaccharides	
CREDIT 3	Lipids & Porphyrins (15h)	
	1. Classification of lipids & fatty acids	
	2. Biological significance of lipids & fatty acids	
	3. Steroids, Sterols, relation to vitamin D	
	4. Steroid hormones	
	5. Bile acids and salts	
	6. Phospholipids	
	7. Oils, waxes, isoprene units	
	8. Lipoproteins	
	9. Glycolipids	
	10. Sphingolipids	
	11. Structure & function of porphyrins : Heme	
	12. Structure & function of porphyrins : Chlorophyll	
	13. Cerebrosides, Gangliosides	
	14. Prostaglandins, Prostacyclins, Eicosanoids	
	15. Thromboxanes, Leukotrienes	

PRACTICAL	L (Each practical topic consists of 3 Experiments, Total 15 Expts)
CREDIT 4	Amino acid analysis (30 h)
	1. Qualitative analysis of amino acids
	2. Determine pKa and pI of acidic, basic, and neutral amino acids
	3. Estimation of amino acids by Ninhydrin methods
	4. Quantification of glycine by formal titration
	5. Estimation of tryptophan by Spies and Chambers method
CREDIT 5	Lipid analysis (30 h)
	1. Qualitative analysis of lipids
	2. Saponification value of fats
	3. Iodine number of oil
	4. Peroxide value of fats
	5. Acid value of fats

PAPER-II BI 102 : ENDOCRINE BIOCHEMISTRY, VITAMINS AND NUCLEIC ACIDS

(5 credits: theory credits= 3+ practical credits= 2)

THEORY			
CREDIT 1	Endocrine System (15h)		
-	1.Endocrine glands and their hormones		
	2. Control of hormone secretion		
	3. Mechanism of hormone action		
	4. Pituitary gland: Structure, Anterior Pituitary : hormones and their functions		
	5. Posterior Pituitary- Hormones and their functions		
	6. Disorders related to pituitary hormones		
	7. Thyroid gland and Parathyroid gland: Structure and functions		
	8. Disorders: hypothyroidism, hyperthyroidism		
	9. Parathormone and associated disorders		
	10. Adrenal gland: Structure		
	11.Secretions of adrenal cortex and their functions, hypoadrenalism,		
	hyperadrenalism		
	12. Secretions of adrenal medulla and their functions		
	13. Pancreas: Islets of Langerhans, alpha and beta cells		
	14. Functions of Insulin and glucagon, deficiency of insulin		
	15. Testes and Ovaries Structure, functions of testosterone, estrogens and		
~~~~	progesterone		
CREDIT 2	Vitamins (15h)		
	1. Water Soluble Vitamins: Structure and Classification		
	2. Water Soluble Vitamins: Chemistry, Biological Source and physiological		
	significance		
	3. Fat Soluble Vitamins: Structure and Classification		
	4. Fat Soluble Vitamins: Chemistry, Biological Source and Significance		
	5. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit B1 (Thiamine), B2		
	(Riboflavin)		
	6. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of and B3 (Niacin) and Vit B5		
	(Pantothenic acid)		
	7. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of B6 (Pyridoxine) and B7(Biotin)		
	8. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit B9(Folic acid) and B12 (		
	Cobalmins)		
	9. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit C (Ascorbic acid)		
	10. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit A (Retinol)		
	11. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit D (Calciferol)		
	12. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit E (Tocopherol)		
	13. Structure, function and the deficiency disorders of Vit K (Phytonadione)		
	14. Recommended daily allowance of vitamins		
	15. Vitamin supplementation		
CREDIT 3	Chemistry of Nucleic acids (15h)		
	1. Purines: structure and function		
	2. Pyrimidines: structure and function		
	3. Nucleosides, nucleotides, phospho-diester bond		
	4. Unusual bases. Modified bases: structure and properties		
	5. Structure of DNA – Watson Crick Model A – and Z - forms		
	6. Supercoiling of DNA-negative and positive, linking number		
	7. Properties of DNA denaturation and renaturation		
	8. Tm (factors affecting $T_m$ ) and $C_0 t$ curves		
	9 Structure of RNA mRNA tRNA		
	10 Structure of RNA: rRNA siRNA and miRNA		
	11 Properties of RNA denaturation and renaturation		
	12. Difference between DNA and RNA		
	13. Heteroduplexmapping		
	14. D loops and R loops		
	15. Catalytic RNA		

PRACTICAI	(Each practical topic consists of 3 Experiments, Total 15 Expts)
<b>CREDIT 4</b>	Carbohydrate analysis (30 h)
	1. Qualitative analysis of carbohydrates
	2. Quantitative analysis of carbohydrates
	3. Estimation of Fructose
	4. Estimation of total sugars by phenol sulfuric acid method
	5. Estimation of reducing sugars by DNS
CREDIT 5	Nucleic acid analysis (30 h)
	1. Estimation of DNA by DPA
	2. Assessment of DNA purity by A260/A280 method
	3. Estimation of RNA by Orcinol method
	4. Separation of purines by paper chromatography
	5. Separation of pyrimidines by paper chromatography

## PAPER-III BI 103 : CELL BIOLOGY AND BIOENERGETICS (5 credits: theory credits= 3+ practical credits= 2)

THEORY	
CREDIT 1	Structure of Prokaryotic & Eukaryotic cells (15 h)
	1. Classification of prokaryotes and eukaryotes (systems of classification)
	2. Ultrastructure of eubacteria, cyanobacteria, mycoplasma
	3. Ultra structure of plant cell
	4. Ultrastructure of animal cell
	5. Composition of cytoskeleton: microfilaments, microtubules, intermediate filaments
	6. Function of cytoskeleton (transport and cell division)
	7. Nuclear skeleton : lamina scaffold
	8. Structure of chromosome ( centromere, telomere, kinetochore )
	9. Euchromatin & heterochromatin
	10. Formation and structure of special chromosomes (polytene and lampbrush)
	11. Cell cycle
	12. Mitosis and Meiosis
	13. Cell cycle check points and regulation
	14. Apoptosis
CDEDIT 2	Die Membranes (15 b)
CREDIT 2	bio Memoranes (15 fl)
	<ol> <li>Composition and Structure of Cen memorane</li> <li>Membrane Dynamics</li> </ol>
	2. Membrane Lipids: Composition distribution and functions
	4 Membrane Proteins: Composition distribution and functions
	5 Trans membrane proteins and their classification
	6 Methods of detecting Trans membrane proteins. Hydropathy plots
	7. Membrane Asymmetry
	8. Fluid Mosaic Model of Membrane
	9. Membrane fluidity and its regulations, Flip flop.
	10. RBC membrane structure
	11. Membrane transport: active and passive transport, symport and antiport; NaK
	ATPase
	12. Transport channels: voltage gated, ion gated and ligand-gated channels
	13. Aquaporin, Glucose transporters, valinomycin: structure and mechanism of action
	14. Artificial membranes: Reconstitution of functional membrane system from purified
	components
CD DD T A	15. Liposomes, Micelles and vesicles
CREDIT 3	Bioenergetics (15 h)
	1. Elements of importance in Biochemistry (H,C,N,O,P,S), types and energy of
	bonds and interactions (ionic, covalent, coordinate, H-bonds, van der waals,
	hydrophobic interactions )
	2. Laws of thermodynamics, Globs free energy, relevance of entropy and enthalpy
	The mode manifest live equilable reactions.
	5. Thermodynamically coupled feactions
	4. Order of the feactions. first and second order feactions
	5. Log and inscalesin biological processes (exponential growth curves,
	6 Biological oxidation Redox potential Nernet equation
	7 Enzymes involved in biological oxidation
	8 High energy compounds
	9 Oxidative phosphorylation
	10 High energy hands phosphate notential Forces stabilizing
	membrane
	11 FTC in mitochondria
	12 FTC in chloroplasts
	13 Un-couplers and inhibitors of energy transfer
	14 Shuttle nathways: Glycerol phosphate shuttle Malate-Acpartate shuttle
	15 Biological fluorescence (GFP and derivatives) Bioluminescence
	15. Biological fluorescence (GFP and derivatives ), Bioluminescence

PRACTICAL (Each practical topic consists of 3 Experiments, Total 15 Expts)			
<b>CREDIT 4</b>	Laboratory maintenance, safety and basic methods (30 h)		
	1. GLP: Use of balance and pH meter, Lab safety,		
	2. Calculations and preparation of standard solutions (primary, working standard)		
	3. Preparation of buffers: Phosphate, Citrate and Tris buffer		
	4. Titration: Estimation of Calcium in milk		
	5. Titration: Estimation of Vitamin C in lemon juice		
CREDIT 5	Separation and identification of biomolecules (30 h)		
	1. SDS PAGE for protein		
	2. Agarose gel for DNA		
	3. Desalting of proteins by dialysis		
	4. Gel filtration (size exclusion)		
	5. Cell fractionation (centrifuge)		

## PAPER-IV BI 104 : BASIC BIOANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (5 credits: theory credits= 3+ practical credits= 2)

THEORY	
<b>CREDIT 1</b>	Spectroscopy and Chromatography (15h)
	1. Colorimetry, Beer Lambert's Law-application and limitation, Molar extinction
	coefficient, Absorption maximum,
	2. UV - Vis: Spectrophotometer – Instrumentation, application
	3. Fluorescence Spectroscopy – principle, instrumentation, application
	4. Infra red(IR) spectroscopy - principle, instrumentation, application
	5. Raman spectroscopy - principle, instrumentation, application
	6. CD – and ORD – principle, instrumentation, application
	7. Partitioning and counter current distribution;
	8. PC and TLC –principle instrumentation application
	9. GC – principle, instrumentation, application
	10. Ion $-$ exchange chromatography $-$ principle, instrumentation, application
	11. Gel filtration (Gel exclusion chromatography) – principle, application
	12. Affinity chromatography: principle, instrumentation, application:
	immunoprecipitation
	13 HPLC and RP-HPLC – principle instrumentation application
	14 FPLC LC – principle instrumentation application
	15 Pentide manning and N $-$ terminal sequencing of proteins
CDEDIT 2	Contribugation Electronhomosic and Tracor techniques (15h)
CREDIT 2	1 Centrifugation BCE and types of rotors Illtra centrifugation principle
	instrumentation application
	2 CsCl density gradient and sucross gradient contribution principle englication
	2. CSCI defisity gradient and sucrose gradient centrifugation – principle, application
	5. Electrophoresis – moving boundary and zonar electrophoresis, Native and SDS
	A LEE and 2D DACE DACE for DNA sequencing
	4. TEF and 2D PAGE, PAGE for DNA sequencing
	5. AgaroseGeis, PFGE Zymography
	6. Denaturing gels for KNA, Southern and Northern Blots
	7. Western Blot
	8. Stable and radioactive isotopes, theory of radioactivity
	9. Half life and emission spectra of biologically useful isotopes: H, $^{\circ}$ H, $^{\circ}$ C, $^{\circ}$ O, $^{\circ}$ P,
	3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3 , 3
	10. Detection of radioactivity by Scintillation counting Autoradiography
	11. GM counter, gamma counter
	12. Fluorography, applications of Phosphorimaging, luxometry and
	chemiluminescence as alternative to radioactivity
	13. Radiation hazards and safe disposal of radio activity waste
	14. Isotope dilution method – pulsechase
	15. Historic examples $-1^{4}$ C and 16 O to study photosynthesis; $2^{4}$ P and $3^{5}$ S to study viral
	replication (Hershey – Chase experiment), ¹⁴ N and ¹⁵ N in DNA replication
	(Meselson and Stahl experiment)
CREDIT 3	Microscopy and Methods of Cell Study (15h)
	1. Light Microscopy: Simple and compound microscope
	2. Phase contrast microscopy
	3. Dark field and polarization microscopy
	4. Electron microscopy: SEM, freeze fracture
	5. Electron microscopy: TEM
	6. Fluorescence microscopy
	7. Confocal microscopy: imaging live cells.
	8. FRET
	9. FRAP
	10. Flow cytometry and Fluorescence assisted cell sorting (FACS)
	11. Cell counting -hemocytometer
	12. Plant tissue culture.
	13. Animal tissue culture
	14. Insect tissue culture
	15. Methods of cell disruption and fractionation and isolation of organelles

PRACTICAL (Each practical topic consists of 3 Experiments, Total 15 Expts)			
CREDIT 4	Quantitation of Biomolecules by Spectroscopy (30 h)		
	<ol> <li>Absorption spectrum of tyrosine, determination of molar extinction coefficient,</li> <li>Estimation of concentration of biomolecules based on Beer Lambert's Law</li> <li>Estimation of inorganic phosphate by Fiske-Subbarow method</li> <li>Estimation of protein by Biuret method</li> <li>Estimation of protein by Lowry method</li> </ol>		
CREDIT 5	Separation of Biomolecules by Chromatography (30 h)		
	1 Separation of plant pigments by paper chromatography 2 1 D and 2 D paper chromatography of amino acids		
	3 TLC of plant pigments and lipids		
	4 Anion/ Cation-exchange capacity of resin		
	5 Separation of amino acids by ion-exchange chromatography		

## **SCHEME OF EVALUATION**

Each paper - Theory = 100 marks, Practical = 50 Marks.

Theory: Internal assessment=30 Marks + Semester end examination = 70 Marks

# **THEORY**



## SEMESTER END EXAMINATION = 70 Marks



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